QUESTION-CENTERED ACTIVITIES

Ian Dakers

The classroom seems to be the ideal place for students to learn to respond to a variety of question types. However, this same environment gives second language learners very few opportunities to formulate their own questions.

The following activities are original ways to involve the students in making their own questions. These particular activities are most suitable for students at the high beginner and intermediate levels. In addition, by making a few minor adaptations, these activities could be used with adults as well as with younger second language learners.

Activity 1: Unusual Job Interviews

To introduce this activity, find out what your students already know about how job interviews take place. In addition, ask for one or two pairs of more outgoing students to roleplay some kind of job interview, e.g., an interview between a personnel manager and an applicant for a laboratory technician's job. Once your students have a good understanding of what goes on during a job interview, tell them that they are about to participate in a spontaneous roleplay activity involving a job interview for a very unusual job.

To begin, divide the class into three groups and then subdivide these groups into pairs. Have the students decide whether they want to be the interviewer or the job applicant before they begin so that you can distribute some simple costumes and props to increase the students' motivation to participate in this activity. Explain to the student interviewers that their role is to fill in the company application form provided (see Appendix for samples) as accurately as possible by the end of the interview. Make sure that each interviewer understands that he/she is to ask the applicant as many questions as necessary to fill in the company form. Finally, give a different application form to the student interviewers from the three different groups and give each pair twenty minutes or so to complete the interview. During this time, circulate in the class and provide help when necessary. Once the interview is complete ask one or two pairs of students to roleplay a part of their interview for the class. If the activity has been successful, you may want to provide additional job application forms and have the students reverse roles.

As a follow-up to this activity, you can encourage the students to compare their own experience of job interviews with this amusing classroom activity. Another possibility would be to have the students compare the qualifications of all the pirates, superheroes or gods and decide on the most suitable candidate for the three different jobs.

Activity 2: You Direct the Feltboard

To carry out this activity you need a feltboard and an assortment of magazine cutouts backed with strips of felt. If you do not have these materials, you can easily make them yourself. Buy a metre of felt and wrap it around one side of a rigid piece of cardboard to make your feltboard. Then, cut out a variety of magazine pictures and stick felt strips on the back of these to make them adhere to the feltboard.

Once you have all the necessary material, place the feltboard for all the students to see and spread all the pictures out on a nearby table or desk. Begin telling a story by placing only one picture on the feltboard and saying only one sentence related to the picture. Explain to the students that they are to ask relevant questions if they want to find out more about the story characters and the plot in general. Make it very clear to them that you will not continue the story unless you are asked specific questions.

For example, you may begin by placing the picture of a woman on the feltboard and saying "Patty lives in Sherbrooke." The students might then ask questions such as "Does she work?" or "Where is she going?" You continue the story either by answering these questions directly or by placing another picture on the feltboard in response to the questions. Remember, only give the students the information they ask for. The less information you provide, the more questions they will ask. The story can go on as long as the students are enjoying themselves or until the story has come to a logical conclusion.

A variation to this activity would involve the students taking on the role of the storyteller. In addition, the pictures and the feltboard could simply be used as the basis for a chain storytelling activity.

Activity 3: Musical Questions

Music has often been used as a tool in the second language class to enhance student motivation. Therefore, why not use it to provide practice in recognizing and formulating questions?

One simple activity involves the preparation of a tape with 20 second excerpts from 10 or 15 different popular songs that all happen to have some type of question in the lyrics. The student's task is to listen to the tape and write down the questions as he/she hears them in these excerpts. If the students enjoy a little competition you can turn this activity into a team game where different team members earn points for their team by identifying questions in different excerpts. Another activity that provides students with practice in formulating questions involves the preparation of a tape with 10 to 15 extremely short excerpts from different songs. These excerpts should be 5 to 8 seconds long and should contain only one sentence. For example, you might begin with the song "Born in the U.S.A." by Bruce Springsteen and tape 5 seconds of the song including only the sentence "I was born in the U.S.A." and continue by recording only the sentence "I'll be watching you" from the Police's song "Every Breath You Take" with the sentence. The students' task is to formulate questions that would elicit responses such as the ones they hear in the taped excerpts. Thus, the students would have to ask questions such as "Where were you born?", "Who are you going to be watching?" or "Who's going to be watching me?" Once again, you may want to add an element of competition to the activity by turning it into a team game.

There are many more ways to get your students to ask questions in the classroom. However, I recommend these three because they provide for a change in pace from regular classroom activities as well as incorporate the use of a variety of audio-visual materials that often appeal to second language learners.

THE AUTHOR

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APPENDIX

THE INTERNATIONAL PIRATING COMPANY

Job Application Form for Pirates and Other Professionals in the Field

Personal Information

Name:	Age: Date of birth:				
Place of birth:	Address:				
(island, coast or sea)					
Mother's name: Father's name:					
Hobbies:					
Favourite books:					
Pets:					
	Appearance				
Height:	Weight:				
Colour of eyes:	Colour of hair:				
Colour of beard:	Length of beard:				
Number of teeth:	Sword hand:				
Number of injuries:	Location of scars:				
E	ducational Background				
Pr	evious Work Experience				
Name of last ship sailed on:					
Length of voyage:					
Number and name of seas vis	sited:				
Captain's name:	Number of boats taken over:				
Number of towns pillaged:	Number of injuries given:				
Job description on ship:					
Reasons for leaving:					

PERSONALIZED SUPERHERO SERVICES INC.

Job Application Form for Superheroes and Other Professionals in the Field

Personal Information				
Name:	ername)		(alias)	
Age:		birth:		
Place of birth:				
	(city)	(planet)	(galaxy)	
Superhobbies:				
Favourite T.V. show	vs:			
Origins of superpow		ption of Superpowe		
Faster than	n a comet: n a speeding n a sprinter:	bullet:		
Stronge	r than a loc	ing bull: omotive: Jolly Green Giant		
Longest high jump:		Longest broad	jump:	
	Educ	ational Background		
		ous Work Experien		
Description of previ	ous superdee	eds:		
Names of previous s	uperaccomp	lices:		
Names and type of s	superpets:			
Cities, planets and g	alaxies when	e you have worked	1:	
Names of enemies: .				

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THE ALLGOD SERVICES COMPANY

Job Application Form for Gods and Other Professionals in the Field

Personal Information			
Name: Age: Date of birth:			
Place of birth: Current Address:			
Mother's name: Father's name:			
Height: Weight:			
Favourite books:			
Hobbies:			
Pets:			
Educational Background			
Professional Qualifications			
Type of god: Roman Greek Christian Moslem Other			
Number of disciples and followers:			
Types of civilizations you have worked in:			
Languages spoken:			
Views on marriage:			
Views on war:			
Views on paradise:			
Previous Work Experience			
Description of miracles:			
Description of major activities:			
Publications:			

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